Paine's Celery Compound

Has Proved a Blessing to Thousands Our School Teachers Who Were Victims of Nervous Prostration, Insomnia, Dyspepsia and

Irritability.

Mr. C. C. Harper says: "The Use of Two Bottles Completely Restored My Health."

Nervous prostration, insomnia, dyspepsia, constipation and impure blood make life a weary burden for thousands of our school teachers. When perve force is low, the brain tired and digestion in a disordered condition, there is irritability, bad temper, impatience and often great despondency. Under such circumstances, the grand work of teaching can never be successful.

Paine's Celery Compound is doing a won-derful work for half-sick and rundown school teachers in every part of the land. Thousands engaged in the work of educating the young are kept well from year to year by the strength-giving virtues of Paine's Celery Compound. It is daily raising to new life men and women in nil classes society. It is the one medicine that makes pure blocd, strong nerves and good

Mr. C. C. Harper, School Teacher, of

Mount Carmel, Ill., says: "My school work has proven a great mental strain, and I found mys if thoroughly worn out and almost prostrated. I com-menced the use of Paine's Celery Compound with splendid results. The use of two bottles completely restored my health. I have been in my present position eight years, and I am cerban that your medicine has en-abled me to carry on my school work, when without it, I should have been compelled to give up. I will take great pleasure in receding Paine's Celery Compound, for I

Children's clothing, hats, ribbons, feathers, stockings, dresses and suits or children can be made new again with DIAMOND DYES

know that it is good."

Direction book and 45 dred samples free DIAMOND DYES, Burlington, Vt.

COKE DANDRUFF CURE

and Hair Tonic Grows Hair, Keeps the Scalp Healthy. Endorsed and Sold by

Barbers, Hair Dressers and Druggists everywhere in \$1 and 50c Bottles. A. R. Bremer Co., - Chicago.

OPERATORS ARGUE PRINCIPLES INVOLVED

Speakers Before Strike Commission Continue Attack on Policy of Miners' Union.

Philadelphia, Pa., Feb. 11.-Counsel for the coal operators to-day continued to argaign the miners' union in their arguments before the Anthracite Strike Commission.
The independent operators of the Lehigh,
the Wyoming and the Lackawanna regions

held the attention of the Commissioners for the greater part of the day, the proceedings closing with the presentation of the Reading Company's argument by Simon P. Wolverton, the company's chief counsel. In nearly every case the attorneys

bility for the alleged lawlessness in the coal regions during the strike, and the union was characterized as an irresponsible or-ganization, whose members were beyond the control of the leaders.

Mr. Wolverton strongly urged the incor-poration of the union, and charged that it was unfit to control the anthracite indus-try, because the boye are numbered among

Samuel Dickson argued the case of the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company, G. S. Markie & Co., and other independent operators in the Lehigh region. He defended the attitude of the Markie Company, claiming that firm was justified in the stand it took against its men when the strike was declared off, because it had not been a party to the correspondence resulting in the appointment of the commission. Francis L Gowen, for the Lehigh Valley Coal Company, suggested that the commission recommend the establishment of a shift consisting of a certain number of cars to constitute a cay's work; the men able to do the amount of work required to receive an increase in wages. Samuel Dickson argued the case of the

SORE NECK

Take Scott's Emulsion for scrofula. Children often have sores on the neck that won't heal up. The sores may come and go. Parents may not know what's the matter nor what to do. Scrofula is the trouble and Scott's Emulsion

NEW CABINET PLACE GOES TO CORTELYOU

Roosevelt Will Get Important Position.

SENATE PASSES THE BILL.

Department of Commerce and Labor Will Become Operative at Once-New Posts Established-Shifting Work.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Washington, Feb. 11 - When the Senate early this afternoon agreed, without objection, to the conference report on the Department of Commerce bill, a new executive of Commerce and Labor, at the head of which there shall be a new Cabinet officer, was reacted.

The new Cabinet officer required by this bill, to be known as the Secretary of Com-merce and Labor, will be George Cortelyou,

at present secretary of the President. This was decided on by President Rocse velt as soon as it became practically known that the new department would be greated

It is a deserved honor for Mr. Cortelyou,



proval among all public men. It also car-

ries out a wish of the late President Mo-Kinley, who, in return for difficult and invaluable services, often expressed a desire to elevate Mr. Cortelyou to a Cabinet posi-

With the creation of the new department there are also created two new bureaus of the Government under the direct charge of is the Bureau of Corporations, which is empowered by the act to investigate corporations doing an interstate and foreign usiness, obtain statements of facts and otherwise inquire into the business for the purpose of reporting to the President, who may or may not publish such facts as he sees fit. The other new bureau is that of manufactures.

These bureaus are transferred from other executive departments to the new Department of Commerce and Labor: The Bu-reau of Labor, the Lighthouse Board, the lighthouse establishment, the steamboat in spection service, the Bureau of Navigation, the Bureau of Standards, the Coast and Geodetic Survey, the Commissioner Genera of Immigration, the Commissioners of Immigration, the Bureau of Immigration, and the immigration service at large, the Bureau of Statistics of the Treasury Depart ment, the Shipping Commissioner, the Bureau of Foreign Commerce (now in the de partment of State), the Census Bureau and

The salary of the head of the department \$8,000 a year, the same as that of all other Cabinet officers. An assistant sec retary is also provided for at a salary of \$5.000, while the salaries of the new Com-missioners of the Corporations and Manufacturers is placed at \$4,000.

According to the terms of the bill, it shall be the province and duty of the department to foster, promote and develop the foreign and domestic commerce, the mining, manufacturing and shipping and fishing industries, the labor interests and the transportation facilities of the United

The act is in force from the time of it passage, except that time is allowed for the transfer of the various bureaus up to the first of July of the present year. The appointment of Secretary Cortelyou is expected to go to the Senate at once.

SENATE RATIFIES THE ALASKAN BOUNDARY TREATY.

Mason Declares the Procedure Proposed by the Convention to Be Nonamerican and Teller Agrees.

Washington, Feb. 11.-In an executive ser don which lasted only an hour and a half to-day the Senate, in addition to confirming large number of nominations, ratified the Alaskan boundary treaty, and came near taking similar action on the commercial treaty with Greece, which was reported by Senator Cullom to-day from the Committee on Foreign Relations.

on Foreign Relations.

The Greek treaty was read through by the clerk and then Senator Cullom asked that the resolution of ratification be acted upon, but Senator Hoar of Massachusetts objected. He said that he desired an opportunity to examine the provision in the treaty concerning consular trials. The principal purpose of the Greek treaty is the regulation of commerce between Greece and the United States.

States. There was no delay in securing action on There was no delay in securing action on the Alaskan treaty, and very little opposition to it was manifested. Senator Teller said that he considered the Alaskan boundary so well determined as to make it not a matter of dispute. Therefore, while he would not delay it, he would not vote for it.

Senator Mason made a few similar re-Senator Mason made a few similar remarks, adding that he considered the procedure proposed by the treaty to be non-American. The ayes and noss were not called, but there were several voices heard in the negative when an informal expression was called for. The ayes were so much more numerous, however, that the decision of the chair to the effect that ratification had prevalled was not challenged.

YOUNG REPUBLICANS' BANQUET

Louis P. Aloe Will Be Toastmaster at Kansas City Function.

Kansas City, Mo., Feb. 11.-Many visiting Republicans are in the city to attend the

is the medicine.

Scott's Emulsion heals the sores. But that is not all. Scrofula leads to consumption. This is the real danger.

Scott's Emulsion is the counce of prevention that keeps off consumption.

We'll seed you a little to try, if you like, scott's Bowns, so Pearl street, New York.

Republicans are in the city to attend the fourth annual banquet of the Association of Young Republicans are in the city to attend the fourth annual banquet of the Association of Young Republicans are in the city to attend the fourth annual banquet of the Association of Young Republicans are in the city to attend the fourth annual banquet of the Association of Young Republicans are in the city to attend the fourth annual banquet of the Association of Young Republicans are in the city to attend the fourth annual banquet of the Association of Young Republicans are in the city to attend the fourth annual banquet of the Association of Young Republicans are in the city to attend the fourth annual banquet of the Association of Young Republicans are in the city to attend the fourth annual banquet of the Association of Young Republicans of Missouri at the Midland Hotel to-morrow night. Word was received from Jefferson City this morning that a party of twenty-five members of the State Senate and House of Representatives will be at the banquet. The banquet will begin at 8 p. m. The list of speakers and the subject of the toasts is as follows:

Toastmaster—Louis P. Aloe. St. Louis, Mo.: "In State and Nation." Boyd Dudley, Gallatin, Mo.: "Missouri," I. V. McPherson, Lawrence County, Mo.: "Our Missouri Legislature." C. A. Newton, Wright County, Mo.

all the way the property of the contract of th

FIRE AT ROCK ISLAND ARSENAL; ALL GOULD LINES LOSS NEARLY TWO MILLIONS.

Private Secretary to McKinley and Principal Issue Station of Largest Government Arms Storehouse Destroyed-Property Valued at \$12,000,000 Endangered-Flames Extingushed by Departments From Surrounding Cities.

> Rock Island, Ill., Feb. 11.—Shop "A," the was sent to Davenport, Rock Island, Moline principal issue storehouse at the Rock and Des Moines. Island Arsenal, was burned to-night, together with its contents, which included cavalry and infantry equipments of every description, and a million rounds of Krag-Jorgensen smokeless ammunition.

stories in height, and was erected twenty years ago at a cost of \$400,000. The flames in the great Government insti-

tution endangered property worth many times the amount lost. The fire was under control by 1 o'clock this morning, at which hour Major Blunt, the commandant, estimated the loss at \$1,900,000.

LARGEST IN UNITED STATES. The Rock Island Arsenal is the largest in the United States, comprising ten immense buildings and covering thirty acres of ground. It represents an expenditure of \$12,000,000. The site of the arsenal, the island of Rock

Island, rising from fourteen to twenty feet above the high-water mark, lies in the Mississippi River, with Davenport, Ia., just across to the north and with the cities of Rock Island, Ill., and Moline, Ill., on the south bank. The flames got beyond the control of the

ersenal fire brigade. An appeal for help model rifles

Two companies of firemen from each of the three nearby cities responded, but by the time they arrived the storehouse was a mass of flames and owing to the large amount of ammunition in the burning build-The contents were worth \$1,500,000. The ing it was considered dangerous to life to building was a massive structure, three permit them to approach the building. Accordingly all their efforts were directed toward preventing the destruction of other

> For two full hours, and even after the warehouse was a mass of glowing embers. there was a continued rattle of exploding

buildings of the plant. In this they were

rifle ammunition.

RUSH ORDERS. The force of the Rock Island Arsenal has The force of the Rock Island Arsenal has been working under rush orders for several weeks. Fifteen hundred men have been employed and the officers in charge have been advertising daily for more machinists needed to carry out the orders from the War Department. While the factory capacity of the arsenal is left practically intact a great hole has been made in the Government stores and it is feared that the work in hand will be seriously delayed.

The new small arms plant, just equipped The new mall arms plant, just equipped at a cost of several million dollars, escaped the flames. This plant is now nearly in readiness to begin turning out the new

GERMANY IGNORES PROMISE AND DEMANDS MORE CASH.

Washington, Feb. 11.-Germany has ignored its previous agreement made with Mr. Bowen, by Count A. von Quadt-Wykradt-Izzy, the German Charge d'Af-faires, and has insisted on a cash payment of \$340,000 or a lien on the customs receipts of one of the Venezuelan ports until this amount is paid.

This information was communicated to Mr. Bowen to-night by Baron Speck von Sternberg, the German Minister.

Mr. Bowen immediately informed the Ger man Minister that he refused to yield the receipts of any port prior to The Hague decision, saying that would be preferential As to the cash payment of the \$340,000 de

manded, Mr. Bowen left that matter to the German Minister to determine, saying to him that if Germany can afford to make a public confession that it does not stand by agreements signed by its duly accredited diplomats, he (Mr. Bowen) is willing that they shall receive, on the day the protocol is signed, the total amount asked in the original ultimatum. The response has been cabled to the Ger

man Foreign Office ALLIES REGRETFUL Great Britain and Italy have renou any responsibility for the action of Ger-

many, and expressed their regrets. Through their representatives here they

have informed Mr. Howen that they will stand by all agreements they have made with him, and will not be influenced by the action of Germany.

Both the British and Italian protocols provide for a cash payment of \$27,500 and for the submission of the question of preferential treatment to The Hague.

They contain recommendations for the rerewal of all previous treaties of amity and commerce and the Italian convention has commerce, and the Italian convention has

have informed Mr. Bowen that they will

an article providing for the payment of the Italian claims, which already have been ad-judicated without further arbitration, after the commission has arbitrated the other With the exception of the demand for an

increased cash payment, the protocol of Germany in all essential respects will con-form to that of Great Britain, but will be somewhat more concise.

All three protocols, it is understood, will provide for the immediate return of all vessels seized by the blockading ships.

It is stated that the action of Germany in asking for \$340,000, instead of being con-tent herself with \$27,500, is due to a misunderstanding of certain steps in the ne-getiations which had been passed on by Count Quadt before the arrival of Baron

cours Quadt before the arrival of Baron von Sternberg.

Mr. Bowen holds that Germany Is bound by the act of its representative.

In the original ultimatum addressed to President Castro by the British, German and Italian Governments a cash payment of 1,709,000 bolivars (\$20,000 cach for Great Britain and Germany and 2,896,000 bolivars for Italy, was demanded.

building, 320x210 feet in area and 50 feet high.

will furnish refrigeration to operate

ligh.

It will furnish refrigeration to operate the largest ice skating rink in the world. The hottest days of the Exposition period the skater may gilde on shining keels over an immense expanse of glistening ice.

Refrigerating machines will freeze ice cream, cool drinking water and distribute refrigeration by pipe lines to subscribers in various parts of the grounds. It will probably furnish the means of cooling one or more large theaters and restaurants.

The Exposition Company has established a Bureau of Refrigeration to operate this mammath plant. The Exposition will be the first World's Fair artificially cooled.

Gardner T. Voorhees of Hoston has been confirmed as Chief of the Bureau and will direct the operation of the Refrigerating Arts building.

It is he ingenious intention of the Chief to have a regular old-fashioned snowstorm at certain fixed hours during the day. Fancy skating, polo games and civer amusements will be features of the legink. Cold storage for perishable food stuffs and a limited amount of ice storage space will be afforded.

The capacity of the refrigerating plant will be approximately 1,600 tons of refrigera-

space will be afforded.

The capacity of the refrigerating plant will be approximately 1,690 tons of refrigeration dally, divided into several large units, each furnished as an exhibit by a builder of large refrigerating machines.

The Bureau of Refrigeration will make, supply, sell and control all ice and refrigeration that may be required on the Exposition site and will be able to supply surplus for to local dealers to satisfy the extra demand outside of the Fair Grounds during the season of 1994.

AWARDS MADE FOR SCULPTURE. Artists and Their Assignments Au-

Artisis and Their Assignments Announced by Chief Bitter.

Eight of the heroic statues for the Colonnade of States, each symbolic of a State or Territory in the Louisiana Territory, have been awarded to sculptors.

The statue to represent Missouri will be done by Sterling Calder of Philadelphia. South Dakota has been assigned to L. O. Lowrie of Tottenville, N. Y.; Arkansas to A. Jaegers of New York City; Minnesota to Gustave Gerlach of Weehawken. N. J.; North Dakota to Bruno Louis Zimm of New York City; Kansas to Adolph Weinmann of New York City; Lowa to Carle Tefft of New York City; and Wyoming to C. F. Hamann of Tremont, N. Y.

Evelyn B. Longman of New York City will design the Victory statue, which will crown the high dome on the southern facade of the Varled Industries Building. Groups to be executed in Indiana limestone for the Art Palace have been awarded as "Egyptian art" to Albert Jaegers of New York City, and "Gothic art" to John Geiert of New York City.

Eleven medallions, siso in Indiana limestone, to form the frieze under the cornics of the Art Palace, will be executed by Ottillo Picirilli of New York City.

Fernando Mirando of New York City will model two figures with shields for the tympanum of the Machinery Building. Theodore Tholnaar of New York City has two reclining figures on the top of the pediment of the main entrance to the Liberal Arts Building. Michael Tonetti of New York City has two reclining figures on the top of the pediment of the main entrance to the Liberal Arts Building. Michael Tonetti of New York City will do two figures for the corner pavillons of the Varled Industries Building and Adolph A. Weinmann of New York City two youthful figures, holding shields, to be placed on the Machinery Building. nonneed by Chief Bitter.

CEYLON COMMISSIONER ARRIVES. W. H. Figg Will Select Site for Tea Ktoak and Arrange for Exhibit.

W. H. Figg of Colombo, Ceylon, special representative of that British colony to the Exposition, arrived yesterday and consulted Exposition officials regarding the proposed display at the World's Fair. Mr. Figg came to St. Louis from London, on a special trip, in response to a cablegram from Ceylon asking him to undertake the mission on behalf of the island Government.

The extent and character of Ceylon's display will depend largely on Mr. Figg's report. He is expected is select a site for

FOR WORLD'S FAIR.

The purposed Ceylon Ten Klosk and arrange for space for a general exhibit. The Commissioner expects to return to Ceylon not before July, 1909, but his report will precede him in written form, giving the Government of the island ample time in which to prepare for its exhibit. Mr. Figg was at one time president of the Chamber of Commerce of Ceylon and still represent, that body and the "mercantile community of the island and the "mercantile community of the island and the "mercantile community of the island was at one time president of the Exposition and the Legislative Council of Ceylon.

Mr. Figg said that the arrangement is the Legislative Council of the island was at one time president of the Exposition and the Legislative Council of Ceylon.

Mr. Figg said that the arrangement is the Legislative Council of Ceylon and still represent that body and the "mercantile community of the island was at one time president of the Exposition authorities to permit the mercantile community of the island was a sourced on a large scale. He intimated that it was not desired to take a concession and the Government would not make an exhibit on that basis, building, 320x210 feet in area and 50 feet.

Holland Appoints Art Commissioners

World's Fair Commissioner Cridler has telegraphed from Brussels that Holland named yesterday three Art Commissioners to the Exposition—Mesers, Mesdag, Martens and Jansen. The appointment of a General Commissioner is under consideration.

WITNESSES FAVOR JUVENILE COURT.

St. Louis and Kanana City Officials Testify at Public Hearing

BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT. Jefferson City, Mo., Feb. 11.—The Senate and House Criminal Jurisprudence commit-tees held a public hearing on the Juvenile Court bill to-night.

Police and reformatory officials, reformers and representatives of various organizations appeared in behalf of the bill. Senator Kinealy of St. Louis and Repre-

sentative Conkling of Carroll, chairmen of the committee, were in charge of the hear-ng. James L. Blair introduced the speakers and explained the provisions of the bill In opening the hearing he explained the conditions which exist in St. Louis.

CITY OFFICIALS SPEAK.

Prominent city officials then spoke of the necessity of a juvenile court. Chief of Po-lice Klely, who has been in police work for twenty-eight years, insisted that environ-ment was the main influence in shaping a child's life.

Harry B. Hawes, president of the Police

child's life.

Harry B. Hawes, president of the Police Board, spoke enthusiastically of the proposition to prevent juveniles from starting wrong. "The court might not decrease the criminal costs this year or next," he said, "but the future decrease would be great." Chief of Detectives Desmond told of the bad effects of low associations.

Police Matron Kintzing told of sad cases where girls had been brought to her custody from low environments and pleaded for the juvenile court.

Sergeant Dawson read a statement of the operations of the law in other States.

Captain Anton Huebler, jailer at the Four Courts, and Colonel Drake, superintendent of the Boonville Reformatory, said that something ought to be done for boys who are surrounded by bad influences.

Judge J. H. Hawthorne of Kansas City asked that his city be included in the bill, stating that the fallure to give it probationary officers two wars ago had been felt.

Probationary Officer Hermann Horchert of St. Louis told of the L5M delinquent children which had been reported to him.

Mrs. Henry W. Eliott, president of the Humanity Club, spoke of the efforts which had been made to secure a juvenile court law.

A letter was read from Judge D. G. Tay-

A letter was read from Judge D. G. Taylor of St. Louis, protesting against the hill, claiming that it was too radical. He objected to the provision permitting the Judge to take the child away from its home at the court's discretion.

GETS DAMAGES FOR "DUCKING." Koers Wins Suit Against Delmar Garden Company,

The jury in the case of Theodore F. Koers against the Delmar Garden Amusement Company and the Delmar Aquarams and Scenic Railway Company, in which the former sued for damages on account of being submerged in the company's waterway by an attendant, returned a verdict yesterday in favor of the plaintiff, awarding him damages in the sum of \$50 actual and \$250 punitive 220 punitive.

The alleged "ducking" occurred May 25, 1902, while Koers, in company with ladies, was a visitor at the garden. The jury was out about half an hour.

UNDER ONE CONTROL

Believed in Wall Street That a Holding Company Will Be Formed.

CLAIM NO LEGAL OBJECTIONS.

Will Not Wait for Decision in Northern Securities Cases, as There Are No Competing Lines.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL

New York Feb. II.-There was a belief by Wall street circles to-day that the Gould nterests will not wait for a decision in the Northern Securities cases before forming a holding company, to include all of the lould railroads.

Gould railroads.

An officer of the Wabash said to-day:

"Plans are being considered for such a
company to give Mr. Gould a better grasp
on the railroads in wMch he is interested.
The plan will not follow exactly that of the
Northern Securities plan, and there will not
be the same objections to it legally, as Mr.
Gould's properties cannot be said to be competing lines. As soon as the Gould system
is completed in details east of Pittsburg,
you may expect to see an amalgamation of
all these lines under control of one company."

TO REDUCE AIR BRAKE MINIMUM. mendment Offered to Foraker Safety Appliance Bill.
REPUBLIC SPECIAL

REPUBLIC SPECIAL

Washington, Feb. 11.—The House Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commetce has authorized Mr. Wanger, in charge of the Foraker safety appliance bill, to offer an amendment to it authorizing the Interstate Commission to reduce the number of air brakes to be operated on trains.

This proposition was made by the roads which appeared before the House Committee against the bill last year, but the employes, in whose interest the bill is, strenuously opposed such a provision, claiming it was a bad principle and precedent to allow a commission of inexperienced railroad men to go so far into the details of railroading and modify a law which was made for the purpose of protecting human life and limb.

They did, however, agree to an amendment giving the commission the right to for good cause extend the time in which any ratiroad should comply with the provisions of the act, and in so doing think they have removed all reason for the admendment allowing the commission to reduce the minimum.

It has been understood that all of the roads whose representatives appeared before the House Committee against the bill withdrew their objections, and the bill was so reported to the House.

J. F. STEVENS OF GREAT NORTHERN

J. F. STEVENS OF GREAT NORTHERN Engineer of Cascade Tunnel Quits the

REPUBLIC SPECIAL

St. Paul, Minn., Feb. II.—John F. Stevens, general manager and chief enginer of the Great Northern Raliway, resigned from both positions to-day. Nothing was known of his intention until official circular was issued, but it developed later that James J. Hill had been apprised of the fact two weeks ago.

sued, but it developed later that James J. Hill had been apprised of the fact two weeks ago.

Mr. Stevens will enjoy a short vacation, after which he will, it is said, be head of important engineering enterprise. He has made condiderable money and acquired valuable tracts of timber and mineral deposits. Humor says that he and President Hill disagreed over management of the Great Northern, but this is not confirmed. Stevens has been one of Hill's ablest lieutenants of late years. He engineered Checade Tunnel project and laid out Cascade route of Hill road.

A. S. Hogeland has been appointed chief engineer to succeed him, and it is reported that Frank E. Ward, now general superintendent, will become general superintendent, will become general manager. Other important changes are said to be pending.

RATES TO THE WORLD'S FAIR.

t. Louis Agents Will Make Recommendation to the Associations.

At the next meeting of the Central and Western Passenger Agents' associations the St. Louis general passenger agents will recommend that a round-trip rate of one fare plus 22 not to exceed one and one-third fare, be effective from all points during the World's Fair.

It will also recommend that a rate of 1 cent a mile, plus the bridge charges, be allowed troops coming to St. Louis to take part in the exercises at the Fair.

At a recent meeting of the St. Louis passenger agents this rate was agreed upon, but was not finally adopted until the Frisco, which was not represented, could be heard from. The Frisco yesterday acquiesced in the recommendation, which will make it unanimous. mendation to the Associations.

G. M. LINDSEY RESIGNS.

Quits Service of Katy to Go With Quits Service of Katy to Go With Railway Supply Company.

G. M. Lindsey, chief clerk to A. A. Allen, vice president and general manager of the Missouri. Kansas and Texas Railway, has resigned to accent an important position with the Weber Railway Joint Manufacturing Company of New York.

Mr. Lindsey has been with the Katy for seven years, during which time he worked up from a clerkship to his present position. His many friends in railroad circles are congratulating him on his new position. He will make his headquarters in St. Louis.

G. A. Hickok of Dailas, Tex., has succeeded Mr. Lindsey, Mr. Hickok is also well known in St. Louis, having held Mr. Lindsey's position for several years.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL APPOINTMENTS Three General Agents in the Service of the Road.

The following changes on the Illinois Central have become effective: J. J. Gaven, appointed trainmaster of St. Louis, Eldorado and Carondelet division,
John R. White, appointed general agent at Omaha. This makes three general agents employed by the Illinois Central. Large Erle Bond lasue.

Large Erle Bond Issue.

New York, Feb. II.—The Erie directors today voted to authorize the issue of \$10,000,000
of 4 per cent fifty-year gold bonds, convertible into common stock at 50, after April 1,
1905, and before April 1, 1915. The bonds will
be secured by a mortgage on other property
of the company and there is also the provision that subsequent bonds may be issued
from time to time, not exceeding \$50,000,000.
These later bonds may be made convertible
into common stock at a price to be named
when issued. Arkansas Traffic Managers.

A meeting of the freight traffic managers of the lines penetrating Arkansas territory was held yesterday in the Fullerton build-ing. It was stated that no important changes of rates will be made. Mexican Wheat Duty Removed. Mexican Whent Daily Removed.
Official announcement has been made, effective at once, and good until June 30, that
the Mexican duty on whest is removed.
This announcement is said to be of great
importance to wheat growers in the Southwest as well as roads penetrating Mexico.

Death of W. H. Williams.

William H. Williams, for a number of years traveling freight agent of the Missouri Pacific Railway Company at Chicago, Ill., and a widely-known official, died in that city Tuesday of heart failure. P. & E. Directors Elected.

Danville, Ill., Feb. II.—The stockholders of the Peorla and Eastern Railway to-day elected M. E. Ingalls, E. F. Osborne, Thomas P. Bonfield, J. C. Tucker and John A. Glover as directors. The road is now a part of the Big Four system.

Mendelssohn Concert a Succes Mendelsachn Concert a Success.

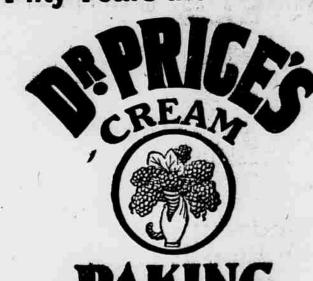
The music entertainment given last night at the Niedringhaus Memorial Hall by the Men, elsacht Musical Society proved one of the most successful of the many attractions that have been presented at that place this winter. More than 1,000 persons attended the concert. The society was assisted by Miss Laura Frank, soprano; Miss Laura Boette, violinist, and Miss Emily Schroeder, planist.

Railway Notes and Changes. -Charles T. Yerkes of Chicago will suc-ceed Chairman White as presiding officer of the United Tramway Company of Lon-

erday.

An extra dividend of \$2 a share has been declared by the Adams Express Company.

Fifty Years the Standard



POWDER Highest Honors World's Fair. Highest Tests U. S. Gov't Chemists

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO., CHICAGO.

SUSPECTS LOCATED IN SECLUDED CAVE.

Salem Officers Depart to Capture | Famous Prisoners Make First Pub-Two Strangers Living in Cavern Near Sligo.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Salem, Mo., Feb. IL-Two men, supposed to be Bill Rudolph and Fred Lewis, the Union bank robbers, have been located near

ing by the miller at Short Bend that the two bank robbers were concealed in the Mint Springs Cave on the Meramec River, about nine miles north of Salem, in Dent County.
Sheriff J. W. Jack and Constable C. E. Strode at once went to investigate and re-

Strode at once went to investigate and reconnolier. They have not yet returned.

These two men, one tall, the other short,
and one having his head bandaged, passed
by Silgo, a furnace town of 600 people, five
days ago. The man who had his head tied
up remained in the edge of the town in
the brush while the other man went in
and bought provisions. The two men then
proceeded to the Meramec River, about five miles distant, and, finding this cave, took lodging there, where they have remained eyer since. Information was brought to Salem two days ago that these men were at the cave by a young boy with quite a criminal record behind him, and no attention was paid to the matter.

FARMERS INVESTIGATE.

FARMERS INVESTIGATE.

Two farmers in the locality of the cave determined to investigate. They went to the cavern after night and saw the men cooking their supper away back in the cave. The farmers watched them the next day and the supposed robbers spent the day upon the hill above the cave where they could command a view of the country for mises around.

Sigo is twenty-five miles from Potosi, where the robbers abandoned their horses, and the intervening country is very rough and thinly settled. The men could make their way back to Sigo without much danger, as most of the inhabitants in that country probably have never heard of the bank robbery. Sligo is a furnace town which employs about 600 men, counting the woodcutters and miners, and there is a constant change of workmen from Sigo to leave to Min amounted to about 300,000.

When M. Catteaul was heard and repudiated the charge of interrogating the banker, but presiding magistrate repressed her.

The testimony furnished by Marie D'Arignac to-day showed evidence of an intention to leave to Mine. Humbert the direction of the plans for the prisoners' defense.

While Frederick Humbert was testifying he sought to incriminate prominent political personages including M. Valle, the Minister of Justice, when the judge stopped him from bringing in the names of those who were not parties to the case. There upon Mme. Humbert excitained:

"Other interesting facts will be disclosed when the main case is heard."

The judge again stopped M. Humbert when he asserted that persons occupying high positions were aware of the fact that the Humbert family was in Madrid. which employs about 600 men, counting the woodcutters and miners, and there is a constant change of workmen from Sigo to Flat River and back again, and people tramping through the country would not attract any notice or arouse suspicion. Rudelph and Lewis know many workmen around Sligo with whom they became acquainted at Flat River last summer. Doubtless these friends informed them where the cave was and took provisions to them.

WOMAN SHOT FROM AMBUSH AS SHE EMERGES FROM DOOR.

Mrs. Louisa Kessler Declares an Attempt Was Made to As-

Mra Louisa Kessler of No. 3745 Texas avenue believes an attempt was made to clock last night. She was shot from ambush as she

tepped from the rear door of her house

he bullet plercing her right leg between the knee and hip.

Doctor Ameriand of No. 2738 Chippewa street was called and extracted the bullet. He etated the wound was not serious.

Mrs. Kessier is much puzzied over the assault. She declares that she had no knowledge of enmity toward her, but is firm in the belief that the wound she sustained was not misdirected. knee and hip.

the bellef that the wound she sustained was not misdirected.
"I heard a report which sounded as if some one had fired a gun in a near-by yard, and immediately I felt a burning sensation on my limb. When I discovered I was shot I hurried to the doctor's, and gave the matter but little thought, for fear of my wound. I could not tell exactly from which direction the shot came. I had no sooner stepped into the yard than it was fired. I heard no other noise."

The builet was fired from a 38-caliber revolver.

The bunct was of Mrs. Kessier, who were to the house at the time, are much wrought up over the shooting. They have begun an investigation separate from the police. Physiciana Everywhere

Are prescribing and recommending EUPEP. SIA TABLETS as a positive cure for indigestion and all stomach derangements. At all first-class druggists for 50c. Money refunded if they fail. Send for book—"Treatise on Stomach Troubles" and three days treatment, both of which will be mailed free of cost. Eupepsia Chemical Co. 323 Clark Avenue, St. Louis, Mo.—Adv.

Missourians in New York. REPUBLIC SPECIAL New York, Feb. 11.—Among the arrivals at ne hotels here to-day were the following the hotels here to-day were the following Missourians:

St. Louis-H. Schneck, J. D. Simpson and Mrs. Simpson. Fifth Avenue; J. L. Butterfield, M. Voorhees, Waldorf, W. H. Vogler, T. A. Meston, Gilsey; H. A. Sanders, G. W. Sanders, H. Zucker, J. G. Saffa, Broadway, Central; W. M. Hlair, Holland; J. F. Løsler, Loperial; Miss. Wertheimer, Savy; W. S. Cartter, Antor; W. Sanders, Grand; J. L. Newburger, Eleveders; J. D. Culver, Rossmore; S. Eisenstein, Albemarle; E. Hattensaur, Earlington, Kannas City-W. N. Holmes and Mrs. Holmes, Holland; L. B. Builene, Manhattan; A. Barrett, Mariboro; A. S. Woolf, Hoffman.

JOSEPH ADAMS. REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

HUMBERTS TRYING TO INVOLVE OFFICIALS

lic Appearance at Paris Since Their Arrest.

Paris, Feb. II.-The Humbert family made their first appearance in the criminal courts to-day when the case of M. Catteaul, the banker, was taken up in the Ninth Cor-rectional Chamber. There was great public interest manifested in the proceedings, and the courtroom

was packed with people.

All the previous examinations of the Humberts had been held in secret, and this was the first opportunity the Parisians had had to see and hear the prisoners. The Humberts were brought in like any ordinary prisoners and took seats in the prisoners

box.

Mme. Therese Humbert displayed her usual brayado and coolness, her sister, Mausual brayado and coolness, her sister, Marie D'Aurignac, was apparently mich unserved, and the latter's brothers, Romain and Emile D'Arignac, maintained an attitude of caim indifference.

The case does not involve the main question concerning the Crawford millions, but the Cateaui charge that they libeled him in referring to him as an usurer indirectly affects the whole affair.

The carly stages of the trial to-day did not produce any sensations, Mme. Humbert gave a long, rambling statement of her dealings with M. Cattesui, and alleged that his demands for excessive interest and her borrowings from him amounted to about 1900,000.

When M. Catteaui was heard and repudi-

WINE PURLOINED FROM ALTAR.

Thief Invaded Grace Episcopal Church at Kirkwood.

Two quarts of wine were stolen Sunday night from the Grace Episcopal Church in Kirkwood. The burgiar broke a lock of the basement door to effect an entrance. The wine was on the altar, ready for use at the communion service. The silver communion vessels were not disturbed, although the thief could easily have taken them. MRS. ELIZABETH V. M. PRICE. REPUBLIC SPECIAL Marshall, Mo. Feb. II.—The body of Mrs. Elizabeth V. M. Price, who died near Black-burn, was shipped to St. Louis yesterday for burial.

Why it is Best



Hunter **Baltimore Rye**

has challenged the markets of the world to show a better whiskey than itself in maturity, purity, quality, flavor. As none better is shown it remains the best.